

Ti6Al4V Grade 23 ELI

ASTM B348 / ASTM F136 / ASTM F3001

MATERIAL DATA SHEET



MATERIAL

Titanium, atomic number 22 in the Periodic Table, is a transition metal with an outstanding strength-to-density ratio and a high corrosion resistance. While it is used in unalloyed condition, most industrial applications rely on titanium alloys. This particular Grade 23 ELI consists of additional aluminum and vanadium, which lead to formation of metastable α and β phases. It is very similar to Grade 5, but limits the maximum allowable content for some elements and, therefore, is ELI – extra low interstitial, meaning the amount of the interstitial elements oxygen and iron are reduced to improve both ductility and fracture toughness. Ti6Al4V Grade 23 ELI is commonly used in medical implants due to its biocompatibility, but also in aerospace and automotive applications and others.

	Ті	Al	v	Fe	0	С	N	н	Y	Total each	Total others
Min.	Bal.	5.50	3.50								
Max.	Dal.	6.50	4.50	0.25	0.13	0.08	0.03	0.0125	-	0.10	0.40
ASTM	F136 ¹										
	Ti	Al	V	Fe	0	С	Ν	н	Y	Total each	Total others
Min.	Bal.	5.50	3.50								
Max.	Dal.	6.50	4.50	0.25	0.13	0.08	0.05	0.012	-	-	-
ASTM	F3001 ¹										
	Ti	Al	V	Fe	0	С	Ν	н	Y	Total each	Total others
Min.	Bal.	5.50	3.50								
Max.	Ddl.	6.50	4.50	0.25	0.13	0.08	0.05	0.012	0.005	0.10	0.40

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

POWDER PROPERTIES

Particle Size ¹	20 - 63 µm
Mass Density ²	≈ 4.43 g/cm³
Particle Shape ³	Spherical

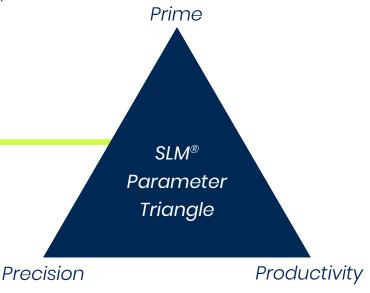


SLM® PARAMETERS

It only takes 3 tools to make you successful with metal additive manufacturing:

- 1. The **SLM[®] machine** fitting your needs,
- 2. The **metal powder** that defines the later purpose and functionality of a part,
- 3. Precisely engineered **SLM® parameters** as the missing link.

Our open parameters are the result of our vast experience in multi-laser technology and a diligent development and qualification procedure. They are key to produce fully functional parts with properties you can expect and rely on – whether you are new to AM or a large-scale production operator. We offer them in three categories to you: from highresolution complex details (**Precision**) up to the highest build rates (**Productivity**) or right in between (**Prime**).



MATERIAL QUALIFICATION

As one of the inventors of the selective laser melting process, we impose the most comprehensive test procedures on ourselves: hundreds of samples, multiple systems, various powder batches, numerous heat-treatments, machined vs. near-net-shape tensile specimens, several surface roughness conditions and angles, fatigue behavior, corrosion investigation, creep testing... Did we miss anything? Get in touch with us!

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PRECISION SLM[®] 280

Parameter Set
Machine Compatibility
Validated Data Preparation
Theoretical System Build Rate ⁴
Minimum Relative Density ^{5,7}

Ti6Al4V_SLM280_PREC_MBP3_V1.0 (30 μm) SLM® 280 2.0, SLM® 280 Production Series (400 W) Materialise SLM Build Processor 37.6 cm³/h (Twin) 99.9%

Mechanical Properties⁶

M: Mean | MIN: Minimum (95 % population coverage / 95 % confidence level)⁷

Non-heat-treated

		strength MPa]		trength [MPa]	Elongation at break A [%]	
Machined	м	MIN	М	MIN	М	MIN
Horizontal	1240	1200	1085	880	8	5
Vertical	1310	1250	1205	1040	9	5
Near-Net-Shape	м		м		м	
Vertical	1290		1095		7	

Heat-treated (ANN2 AMS-H-81200)⁸

	Tensile : Rm [I	strength MPa]		Yield strengthElongation at brRp0.2 [MPa]A [%]		
Machined	М	MIN	Μ	MIN	М	MIN
Horizontal	1080	1030	1000	950	16	13
Vertical	1075	1030	1025	970	16	12

Hardness⁹

M: Mean | SD: Standard Deviation

	Vickers hardness				
	HV10				
	M SD				
As built	365	5			
Heat-treated [®]	315	15			

Surface Roughness¹⁰

	Roughness average Ra [µm]		Mean roughness depth Rz [µm]	
	м	SD	М	SD
As built	14	5	91	28
	8		45	22

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PRECISION SLM® 500

Parameter Set
Machine Compatibility
Validated Data Preparation
Theoretical System Build Rate ⁴
Minimum Relative Density ^{5,7}

Ti6Al4V_SLM500_PREC_MBP3_V1.0 (30 μm) SLM® 500 1.3 (400 W) Materialise SLM Build Processor 75.2 cm³/h (Quad) 99.9%

Mechanical Properties⁶

M: Mean | MIN: Minimum (95 % population coverage / 95 % confidence level)⁷

Non-heat-treated

		strength MPa]		trength [MPa]	Elongation at break A [%]	
Machined	м	MIN	М	MIN	М	MIN
Horizontal	1290	1250	1130	1030	9	6
Vertical	1305	1240	1200	1100	9	6
Near-Net-Shape	м		м		м	
Vertical	1285		1065		5	

Heat-treated (ANN2 AMS-H-81200)⁸

	Tensile : Rm [I	strength MPa]	Yield st R _{p0.2}	trength [MPa]	Elongation at break A [%]	
Machined	М	MIN	Μ	MIN	М	MIN
Horizontal	1070	1020	995	910	16	13
Vertical	1085	1045	1035	995	16	14

Hardness⁹

M: Mean | SD: Standard Deviation

	Vickers hardness				
	HV10				
	м	SD			
As built	375	10			
Heat-treated [®]	305	10			

w. wear 30. standard beviation	Roughness average Ra [µm]		Mean roughness depth Rz [µm]	
	М	SD	М	SD
As built	9	3	61	18
Corundum + Glass bead	5	1	27	6

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PRIME SLM® 280

Parameter Set
Machine Compatibility
Validated Data Preparation
Theoretical System Build Rate ⁴
Minimum Relative Density ^{5,7}

Ti6Al4V_SLM280_PRIM_MBP3_V1.0 (60 μm) SLM® 280 2.0, SLM® 280 Production Series (400 W) Materialise SLM Build Processor 64.8 cm³/h (Twin) 99.9%

Mechanical Properties⁶

M: Mean | MIN: Minimum (95 % population coverage / 95 % confidence level)⁷

Non-heat-treated

	Tensile strength R _m [MPa]		Yield strength R _{p0.2} [MPa]		Elongation at break A [%]	
Machined	м	MIN	м	MIN	М	MIN
Horizontal	1270	1250	1145	1070	7	5
Vertical	1280	1200	1180	1000	9	4
Near-Net-Shape	м		м		м	
Vertical	1230		1060		6	

Heat-treated (ANN2 AMS-H-81200)⁸

	Tensile strength R _m [MPa]		Yield strength Rp0.2 [MPa]		Elongation at break A [%]	
Machined	М	MIN	Μ	MIN	М	MIN
Horizontal	1085	1080	995	970	16	12
Vertical	1045	990	925	800	12	7

Hardness⁹

M: Mean | SD: Standard Deviation

	Vickers hardness					
	HV10					
	M SD					
As built	365	10				
Heat-treated [®]	345 10					

	Roughness average Ra [µm] M SD		Mean roughness depth Rz [µm]	
			М	SD
As built	15	5	87	25
Corundum + Glass bead	5	1	23	4

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PRIME SLM[®] 500

Parameter Set
Machine Compatibility
Validated Data Preparation
Theoretical System Build Rate ⁴
Minimum Relative Density ^{5,7}

Ti6Al4V_SLM500_PRIM_MBP3_V1.0 (60 μm) SLM® 500 1.3 (400 W) Materialise SLM Build Processor 129.6 cm³/h (Quad) 99.9%

Mechanical Properties⁶

M: Mean | MIN: Minimum (95 % population coverage / 95 % confidence level)⁷

Non-heat-treated

		Tensile strength R _m [MPa]		Yield strength R _{p0.2} [MPa]		n at break [%]
Machined	м	MIN	М	MIN	Μ	MIN
Horizontal	1300	1285	1150	1030	6	4
Vertical	1285	1250	1180	1140	8	5

Heat-treated (ANN2 AMS-H-81200)⁸

	Tensile strengthYield strengthRm [MPa]Rp0.2 [MPa]					Elongatio A [n at break ^[%]
Machined	м	MIN	М	MIN	М	MIN	
Horizontal	1105	1095	1020	980	14	12	
Vertical	1105	1090	1045	1020	15	12	

Hardness⁹

M: Mean | SD: Standard Deviation

	Vickers hardness					
	HV10					
	M SD					
As built	370	15				
Heat-treated ⁸	340 5					

	Roughness average Ra [µm]			ughness pth µm]
	M SD		М	SD
As built	9	1	60	8
Corundum + Glass bead	7 2 35		10	

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PRIME NXG XII 600

Parameter Set
Machine Compatibility
Validated Data Preparation
Theoretical System Build Rate ⁴
Minimum Relative Density ^{5,7}

Ti6Al4V_NXG600_PRIM_MBP3_V1 (60 μm) NXG XII 600 Materialise SLM Build Processor 421.2 cm³/h (12 Lasers) 99.9%

Mechanical Properties⁶

M: Mean | MIN: Minimum (95 % population coverage / 95 % confidence level)⁷

Non-heat-treated

	Tensile strength R _m [MPa]		Yield strength R _{p0.2} [MPa]		Elongation at break A [%]	
Machined	м	MIN	М	MIN	м	MIN
Horizontal	1245	1200	1090	1045	8	7
Vertical	1230	1200	1110	1070	7	3
Near-Net-Shape	м	MIN	м	MIN	м	MIN
Vertical	1185	1170	1055	1000	7	4

Heat-treated (ANN2 AMS-H-81200)⁸

		strength MPa]		trength [MPa]	Elongatio A [n at break %]
Machined	М	MIN	М	MIN	М	MIN
Vertical	1025	1015	955	935	15	11

Hardness⁹

M: Mean | SD: Standard Deviation

	Vickers I	nardness
	HV	/10
	м	SD
As built	360	5

Surface Roughness¹⁰

Ra	[µm]		pth [µm]
м	SD	м	SD

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PRODUCTIVITY SLM® 280

Parameter Set Machine Compatibility Validated Data Preparation Theoretical System Build Rate⁴ Minimum Relative Density^{5,7} Ti6Al4V_SLM280_PROD_MBP3_V1.0 (60 μm) SLM® 280 2.0, SLM® 280 Production Series (700 W) Materialise SLM Build Processor 81.0 cm³/h (Twin) 99.9%

Mechanical Properties⁶

M: Mean | MIN: Minimum (95 % population coverage / 95 % confidence level)⁷

Non-heat-treated

		Tensile strength R _m [MPa]		Yield strength R _{p0.2} [MPa]		n at break [%]
Machined	м	MIN	м	MIN	м	MIN
Horizontal	1260	1230	1150	1090	8	5
Vertical	1245		1155		8	
Near-Net-Shape	м		м		м	
Vertical	1205		1045		4	

Heat-treated (ANN2 AMS-H-81200)⁸

		strength MPa]		trength [MPa]	Elongatio A [n at break %]
Machined	м	MIN	М	MIN	Μ	MIN
Horizontal	1095	1060	1000	940	15	12
Vertical	1100	1085	1035	1020	15	9

Hardness⁹

M: Mean SD: Standard Deviation				
	Vickers hardness			
	HV10			
	м	SD		
As built	M 360	SD 5		

Surface Roughness¹⁰

M: Mean | SD: Standard Deviation

	Roughness average Ra [µm]		Mean roughness depth Rz [µm]	
	м	SD	М	SD
As built	12	3	73	15
Corundum + Glass bead	5	1	23	4



ASTM B348 / ASTM F136 / ASTM F3001

PRODUCTIVITY SLM® 500

Parameter Set
Machine Compatibility
Validated Data Preparation
Theoretical System Build Rate ⁴
Minimum Relative Density ^{5,7}

Ti6Al4V_SLM500_PROD_MBP3_V1.0 (60 μm) SLM® 500 1.3 (700 W) Materialise SLM Build Processor 162.0 cm³/h (Quad) 99.8 %

Mechanical Properties⁶

M: Mean | MIN: Minimum (95 % population coverage / 95 % confidence level)⁷

Non-heat-treated

	Tensile strength R _m [MPa]		Yield strength R _{p0.2} [MPa]		Elongation at break A [%]	
Machined	м	MIN	М	MIN	М	MIN
Horizontal	1245	1230	1100	975	8	4
Vertical	1240	1200	1140	1100	9	7
Near-Net-Shape	м		м		м	
Vertical	1170		1010		5	

Heat-treated (ANN2 AMS-H-81200)⁸

	Tensile : Rm [I	strength MPa]	Yield st R _{p0.2}	trength [MPa]		n at break [%]
Machined	М	MIN	Μ	MIN	М	MIN
Horizontal	1080	1065	985	920	14	10
Vertical	1080	1070	1010	985	14	10

Hardness⁹

M: Mean | SD: Standard Deviation

	Vickers hardness			
	HV10			
	м	SD		
As built	340	20		
Heat-treated [®]	335	2		

	Roughness average Ra [µm]		Mean roughness depth Rz [µm]	
	м	SD	м	SD
As built	9	1	60	7
Corundum + Glass bead	6	2	33	8

Ti6Al4V Grade 23 ELI

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DISCLAIMER

The properties and mechanical characteristics apply to powder that is tested and sold by SLM Solutions, and that has been processed on SLM Solutions machines using the original SLM Solutions parameters in compliance with the applicable operating instructions (including installation conditions and maintenance). The part properties are determined based on specified procedures. More details about the procedures used by SLM Solutions are available upon request.

The specifications correspond to the most recent knowledge and experience available to us at the time of publication and do not form a sufficient basis for component design on their own. Certain properties of products or parts or the suitability of products or parts for specific applications are not guaranteed. The manufacturer of the products or parts is responsible for the qualified verification of the properties and their suitability for specific applications. The manufacturer of the products or parts is responsible for protecting any third-party proprietary rights as well as existing laws and regulations.

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SLM

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NOTES

- ¹ With respect to powder material. Compositions stated as mass or weight percent.
- ² Material density varies within the range of possible chemical composition variations.
- ³ According to DIN EN ISO 3252:2001.
- ⁴ Theoretical system build rate = layer thickness x scan speed x hatch distance x number of lasers. The value represents a com-parable indicator but remains a theoretical value after all. It does expressively not reflect true build rates, which are influenced by part geometry, ratio between hatch and contour areas, area of exposure, recoating times, and more.
- ⁵ Optical density determination at test specimens by light microscopy according to internal specification. Relative density may vary depending on part geometry, orientation, volume, and other process factors. Population coverage: 99 %, confidence level: 99 %.
- ⁶ Tensile testing was performed in accordance to DIN EN ISO 6892-1:2017 B and conducted at room temperature. Samples are either machined before testing or tested in near-net-shape without any surface finishing (geometry according to DIN 50125:2016-D6x30). Samples labelled "Horizontal" correspond to a polar angle of θ = 90°; samples labelled "vertical" correspond to a polar angle of θ = 0° (DIN EN ISO/ASTM 52921). Values include overlap samples, i.e. multiple lasers work simultaneously on one specimen. All data is derived from standardized SLM Solutions qualification jobs. Samples are built out of both virgin powder as well as used powder. Population coverage: 95 %, confidence level: 95 %.
- ⁷ Minimum values are set by using tolerance interval method, which is a statistical approach based on the input of population coverage (PC) and confidence level (CL). Tolerance intervals ensure that a certain percentage of samples within a batch will be above the minimum value with a certain probability, e.g. the probability that 95 % of all samples will be above the stated minimum value (within a defined batch and tested according to mentioned specifications) is 95 %.
- ⁸ Heat treatment according to AMS-H-81200. Annealing in vacuum at 800 °C +/- 14 °C for 2 h, cooling in air or furnace cooling.
- ⁹ Hardness testing according to DIN EN ISO 6507-1:2018. Measurement direction "2" according to VDI 3405 2.1. Values include overlap samples, i.e. multiple lasers work simultaneously on one specimen. All data is derived from standardized SLM Solutions qualification jobs. Samples are built out of both virgin powder as well as used powder.
- ¹⁰ Roughness measurement on vertical walls according to DIN EN ISO 4288:1998; $\lambda c = 2.5$ mm. Glass bead blasting is an additional postprocessing step after corundum blasting. Values include overlap samples, i.e. multiple lasers work simultaneously on one specimen. All data is derived from standardized SLM Solutions qualification jobs. Samples are built out of both virgin powder as well as used powder.